

General Relativity
Problem Set I
Topological Spaces and Differentiable Manifolds

1. Let, $X = \{a, b, c, d, e, f\}$. Let $\mathcal{C} = \{\phi, X, \{a, b\}, \{b\}, \{b, c\}, \{a, b, c\}\}$. Show that this collection defines a topology on X . If we leave out $\{a, b\}$ in \mathcal{C} , do we still get a topology? What if we leave out $\{b\}$? What if we add $\{d\}$?
2. Does $d(x, y) = (x - y)^2$ define a metric on R ?
3. List all the topologies on $X = \{a, b, c\}$, with consist of exactly four members. (Hint: consider two cases. i) two open sets which are partition of X , ii) when those are not paritions of X .)
4. Consider the function $f : R \rightarrow R$. defined by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x - 1 & \text{if } x \leq 3 \\ \frac{1}{2}(x + 5) & \text{if } x > 3 \end{cases}$$

Show that f is not continuous.

5. Prove that a function $f : X \rightarrow Y$ is continuous if and only if the inverse image of every closed subset of Y is a closed subset of X .
6. Show that us $T^2 = S^1 \times S^1$ is a differentiable manifold.
7. Show that S^n is a Differentiable manifold.
8. Argue that two diffeomorphic spaces/manifolds must be of same dimension.
9. Let M be the surface $y_3 = y_1^2 + y_2^2$, which we paramaterize by

$$\begin{aligned} y_1 &= x^1, \\ y_2 &= x^2, \\ y_3 &= (x^1)^2 + (x^2)^2 \end{aligned}$$

Specify a curve on this surface and hence find out a tangent vector field on the manifold.